

EXHIBIT

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IN THE UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT
FOR THE DISTRICT OF DELAWARE

LG.PHILLIPS LCD CO.,)	
LTD.,)	
)	
Plaintiff,)	Civil Action No.
)	04-343-JJF
v.)	
)	
TATUNG CO.; TATUNG)	
COMPANY OF AMERICA,)	
INC.; and VIEWSONIC)	
CORPORATION,)	
)	
Defendants.)	

TELECONFERENCE
Wednesday, August 23, 2006
1:00 p.m.

BEFORE: THE HON. VINCENT J. POPPITI

APPEARANCES:

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and

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<p>1 APPEARANCES (CONTINUED): 2 DAVID E. MOORE, ESQ. Potter Anderson & Corroon LLP 3 Hercules Plaza, 6th Floor 1313 N. Market Street 4 Wilmington, Delaware 19801 and 5 TRACY R. ROMAN, ESQ. Bingham McCutchen LLP 6 335 South Grand Avenue 44th Floor 7 Los Angeles, California 90071-3106 and 8 SCOTT R. MILLER, ESQ. Connolly Bove Lodge & Hutz LLP 9 Wells Fargo Center South Tower, Suite 3150 10 Los Angeles, California 90071-1560 11 For the Defendant ViewSonic Corporation 12 13 ANNE SHEA GAZA, ESQ. Richards, Layton & Finger One Rodney Square 14 Wilmington, Delaware 19801 and 15 STEPHEN B. PERKINS, ESQ. Greenberg Traurig, LLP 16 2450 Colorado Avenue Suite 400 East 17 Santa Monica, California 90404 For the Defendant Tatung Co. And 18 Tatung Company of America, Inc 19 20 ----- 21 THE COURT: Let's start with a roll 22 call, please. Let's start with LPL. 23 MR. KIRK: Richard Kirk from The Bayard 24 Firm for the Plaintiff LG Philips LCD Co., Ltd., with me</p>	<p>1 that deal with, in the first instance, discovery, and 2 then focusing on those portions of the scheduling order 3 dealing with Markman and plain construction, I am 4 satisfied, having viewed this order, and having been 5 familiar with the order of other judges of the court, 6 some of whom have in large part similar orders, I know 7 there are some differences, satisfied that the exchange 8 and completion of contention interrogatories contemplated 9 by that section of this order in paragraph 4, I'm 10 satisfied that those contention interrogatories focus on 11 claims, defenses and facts, and that the section of the 12 scheduling order that deals with Markman squarely focuses 13 on claim construction. They are two separate and 14 distinct parts of the order and contemplate two separate 15 and distinct processes. 16 So I am satisfied that with respect to 17 an assertion that mention interrogatories that may focus 18 and in fact in this case do focus on claim construction, 19 those interrogatories, if answered, need to be answered 20 in the context of the process dealing with Markman and 21 not before then. 22 With that general guidance, if you will, 23 I expect that we can move forward. This is ViewSonic's 24 applications.</p>
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<p>1 on the line is Rel Ambrozy from McKenna, Long & Aldridge 2 in Washington. 3 MR. AMBROZY: Good afternoon, Your 4 Honor. 5 THE COURT: Good afternoon. Next 6 please. 7 MR. MOORE: Good afternoon, Your Honor. 8 David Moore from Potter Anderson & Corroon on behalf of 9 ViewSonic and I have on the line with me Tracy Roman from 10 Bingham McCutchen and Scott Miller from Connolly Bove in 11 California. 12 MS. GAZA: Your Honor, the Tatung 13 Defendant is Anne Gaza from Richards, Layton & Finger and 14 with me is Steve Perkins from Greenberg Traurig. 15 THE COURT: Is that everyone? 16 MR. KIRK: Yes, Your Honor. 17 THE COURT: Okay. And, please, as we 18 begin to spend part of the afternoon with each other, 19 remember that it's going to be extraordinarily important 20 for the court reporter to know who is speaking. 21 Before we get started it may be helpful 22 for me to suggest that upon reviewing the Rule 16 23 scheduling order that's in place in this matter, and 24 having looked at the portions of the scheduling order</p>	<p>1 MS. ROMAN: Yes, good morning, Your 2 Honor -- good afternoon your time, Your Honor. This is 3 Tracy Roman. 4 THE COURT: Good afternoon, Ms. Roman. 5 MS. ROMAN: We do appreciate that 6 clarification, as you can tell from the motion this has 7 been underlying most of the issues raised in the 8 interrogatories and request for admission. 9 THE COURT: Yes. 10 MS. ROMAN: I believe, Your Honor, that 11 would effectively address the issues with regard to 12 interrogatory No. 1 seeking the infringement contention 13 from the plaintiff. 14 THE COURT: Your Honor, it may be also 15 helpful for everyone to understand, you all know that in 16 the discovery dispute procedures, the order I don't have 17 squarely in mind in terms of when I entered that some 18 time ago in this case, the procedures do contemplate from 19 time to time that I would have appropriate ex parte 20 communication with the judge that's presiding in the 21 matter. I have done that in other cases. And for 22 purposes of marching up to this issue in this case, I 23 thought it was extraordinarily important for me to have 24 conversation ex parte with Judge Faman. I did that.</p>

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<p>1 And that conversation certainly forms</p> <p>2 the basis of my guidance to you this afternoon. That may</p> <p>3 even help in terms of getting beyond -- once I enter an</p> <p>4 order -- what you all decide you may want to be doing</p> <p>5 with it. Okay?</p> <p>6 MS. ROMAN: Thank you, Your Honor. This</p> <p>7 is Tracy Roman again.</p> <p>8 I guess where I would appreciate, just</p> <p>9 to clarify so I don't waste Your Honor's time going over</p> <p>10 any of the interrogatories or request for admission that</p> <p>11 you believe would fall in the second category of</p> <p>12 discovery that focuses on the Markman Hearing, I just</p> <p>13 want to make sure I am clear on that so I can move</p> <p>14 forward with the other request.</p> <p>15 THE COURT: Well, certainly</p> <p>16 interrogatory No. 1, the contention interrogatory. And,</p> <p>17 quite frankly, there are bits and pieces of others. And</p> <p>18 I don't know if that's very helpful because what I don't</p> <p>19 want to do is necessarily start through my view of your</p> <p>20 respective presentations because I think once we get into</p> <p>21 discussing those, I will have some questions and expect</p> <p>22 that you may have additional development to the positions</p> <p>23 you have already taken.</p> <p>24 If, as you begin to go through those, if</p>	<p>1 in its possession, custody and control in response to the</p> <p>2 discovery request. It did not, as suggested in the</p> <p>3 opposition, refuse to provide information until after</p> <p>4 expert discovery had been completed; rather it simply</p> <p>5 reserved its right to supplement the responses with any</p> <p>6 additional discovery that came to light through expert</p> <p>7 discovery.</p> <p>8 And the second point, and perhaps more</p> <p>9 importantly, was that because contention interrogatories</p> <p>10 were in dispute between the parties and both sides were</p> <p>11 taking similar positions, ViewSonic offered both orally</p> <p>12 and in writing, as is set forth in our motion, to be</p> <p>13 bound by whatever ruling Your Honor made with respect to</p> <p>14 contention interrogatories and if necessary to supplement</p> <p>15 its responses in accordance with that ruling.</p> <p>16 THE COURT: Yes.</p> <p>17 MS. ROMAN: Just to clarify those to</p> <p>18 points.</p> <p>19 I suppose we should turn, then, to the</p> <p>20 interrogatories. Looking directly at interrogatory No.</p> <p>21 1.</p> <p>22 THE COURT: Give me one moment, please.</p> <p>23 And I am at your middle -- at Exhibit 3?</p> <p>24 MS. ROMAN: Yes, Your Honor.</p>
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<p>1 I think that my guidance with respect to the scheduling</p> <p>2 order implicates any particular interrogatory or any</p> <p>3 particular request for admission, I will tell you that.</p> <p>4 MS. ROMAN: Okay, Your Honor --</p> <p>5 THE COURT: Is that helpful?</p> <p>6 MS. ROMAN: Yes, it is.</p> <p>7 THE COURT: If you need a moment to</p> <p>8 regroup.</p> <p>9 MS. ROMAN: Well, Your Honor, let me</p> <p>10 just start them before we go through I guess each</p> <p>11 individual disputed discovery request which sounds like</p> <p>12 it would be the most useful.</p> <p>13 THE COURT: I think that makes sense</p> <p>14 because that's what I would have to do in any event.</p> <p>15 MS. ROMAN: Okay. Let me point out a</p> <p>16 few things that were raised in the opposition, just so we</p> <p>17 can get them off the table hopefully. That is, that the</p> <p>18 plaintiff excuses a lot of its failure to provide what we</p> <p>19 feel are proper responses to the discovery by pointing to</p> <p>20 ViewSonic's own responses, which are the subject of this</p> <p>21 motion but because it was raised in the opposition, we</p> <p>22 would like to clarify two of the points there.</p> <p>23 The first point there is that ViewSonic</p> <p>24 did provide the plaintiff with all the information it had</p>	<p>1 THE COURT: Okay.</p> <p>2 MS. ROMAN: With the understanding that</p> <p>3 Your Honor has set forth, with regard to contention</p> <p>4 discovery, I would say that I think that there is still</p> <p>5 room for a response to interrogatory No. 1 that</p> <p>6 contemplates setting forth the plaintiff's claims and</p> <p>7 facts supporting those claims regarding what it believes</p> <p>8 are the infringing components of the product.</p> <p>9 Now, they have set forth that</p> <p>10 information with respect to the VX900 but lacking from</p> <p>11 the response is two other products that we know plaintiff</p> <p>12 has in its possession and has evaluated, at least in the</p> <p>13 context and purpose of other cases: The VX2000 and the</p> <p>14 VE155B, as in boy. And neither of those products are set</p> <p>15 forth in here and it's unclear to ViewSonic whether</p> <p>16 plaintiff is going to contend that those products</p> <p>17 similarly infringe the patents in suit so that we can</p> <p>18 begin preparing defenses.</p> <p>19 MR. AMBROZY: If I may respond, Your</p> <p>20 Honor.</p> <p>21 THE COURT: Please.</p> <p>22 MR. AMBROZY: This is Rel Ambrozy.</p> <p>23 As we've laid out in both our response</p> <p>24 to the certification under Rule 7.1.1, as well laid out</p>

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<p>1 in our brief, it's our position that any discussion of 2 interrogatory No. 1 is improper for the simple reason 3 that in none of the written communication or in any of 4 the oral communication were there any deficiencies raised 5 in regard to LPL's response to ViewSonic's interrogatory 6 No. 1.</p> <p>7 The first and only time it came up was, 8 as we noted in our footnote in our brief, was in the 9 context of exchanging claim constructions. And there was 10 no pointing out of what and where it was deficient. The 11 day before we actually filed our opposition to 12 ViewSonic's motion we tried to raise this point with 13 opposing counsel and were basically shut down, as we 14 pointed in our brief, simply because claim constructions 15 were not going to be provided.</p> <p>16 THE COURT: You did say that with 17 respect to interrogatory No. 1, and I guess my question 18 is this: Subsequent to the briefing having been closed, 19 if you will.</p> <p>20 MR. AMBROZY: Yes.</p> <p>21 THE COURT: And my having to jockey 22 everyone on a hearing date from last week until today -- 23 and I do appreciate your professional courtesy with 24 respect to that -- has there been any further discussion</p>	<p>1 We disagree that there was a failure to 2 meet and confer. We do admit that interrogatory No. 1 3 itself was not specifically identified in our request for 4 a meet and confer letter, but the fact is that it deals 5 with -- the request specifically deals with plaintiffs 6 position on infringement contentions. And that issue was 7 discussed at length in multiple conversations and in 8 exchange of multiple correspondence.</p> <p>9 While the number itself might have not 10 been specifically called out, plaintiffs were well aware 11 that that contention interrogatory was at issue. And we 12 were trying to come up with a schedule that would 13 accommodate a supplementation of that interrogatory.</p> <p>14 That said, Your Honor, I'm not certain 15 that a further meet and confer on the issue is really 16 necessary. I mean, if plaintiffs are willing to accept 17 that they would supplement similar to the response that 18 they already provided with regard to the VX900 for these 19 two products, that really could resolve the issue and we 20 could give them a couple of weeks in which to do that.</p> <p>21 THE COURT: Would that answer the 22 question, Mr. Ambrozy?</p> <p>23 MR. AMBROZY: I think it would, Your 24 Honor. I would have to check with our client, but I</p>
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<p>1 in a meet-and-confer context? And if there hasn't been, 2 what additional meet and confer would be beneficial for 3 purposes of your having it and then for my having an 4 opportunity to look at what remains in dispute after 5 that?</p> <p>6 MR. AMBROZY: I think it would be very 7 beneficial, Your Honor, because, quite honestly, this is 8 the first meat on the bones that we have heard of in 9 regard to their objections to our interrogatory 1 10 response. Page 3 of their brief lays out just basically 11 very thin objections to our answer, but doesn't give any 12 meat on the bone to what they were looking for in a 13 response. So, quite honestly, I think a meet and confer 14 would be beneficial.</p> <p>15 THE COURT: And with respect to 16 interrogatory No. 1 and meet and confer, that really was 17 a discrete assertion that there was a failure to meet and 18 confer. Am I fair in stating it that way?</p> <p>19 MR. AMBROZY: I think it's correct, Your 20 Honor.</p> <p>21 THE COURT: May I have a response to 22 that with respect to interrogatory No. 1.</p> <p>23 MS. ROMAN: Yes, Your Honor. This is 24 Tracy Roman.</p>	<p>1 think we could have that answer to you in a day.</p> <p>2 THE COURT: Let's proceed in that 3 fashion, I think it will save you further discussion 4 today, it will certainly save me from focusing squarely 5 on interrogatory No. 1. And I would like the answer 6 tomorrow so that you can fairly meet Ms. Roman's proposal 7 that you be given -- is it two weeks that you said?</p> <p>8 MS. ROMAN: Yes, Your Honor.</p> <p>9 THE COURT: Yes. You are all hopefully 10 in front of a calendar, I am not.</p> <p>11 MR. AMBROZY: Thank you, Your Honor.</p> <p>12 THE COURT: I realize I could just add 13 14 to 23...</p> <p>14 MS. ROMAN: Dave, can you please pull 15 that up, I don't have one in front of me.</p> <p>16 MR. AMBROZY: Two weeks from now would 17 be the 6th of September.</p> <p>18 THE COURT: That's fine.</p> <p>19 MS. ROMAN: Your Honor, I will follow 20 along in the motions, if that's what you have in front of 21 you, rather than necessarily in numerical order of the 22 interrogatories that are in dispute.</p> <p>23 The next on the motion is interrogatory 24 No. 7. This interrogatory seeks plaintiffs contention</p>

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<p>1 that ViewSonic's products have enjoyed commercial success 2 due to practicing the inventions disclosed in the patents 3 in suit.</p> <p>4 THE COURT: Yes.</p> <p>5 MS. ROMAN: We do acknowledge that 6 plaintiff supplemented its response to this 7 interrogatory, but they simply supplemented it to say 8 exactly what we set forth in our motion, which is that 9 evidence of commercial success includes the fact that the 10 technology protected by the patents in suit is, through 11 LPL's knowledge, widely employed in the industry. It 12 provides no facts as to who is employing it, what the 13 products are in which it's being employed, in what 14 market, and any facts that establish actual sales and 15 public acclaim.</p> <p>16 As one of the largest manufacturers of 17 LCD modules, LPL certainly has access to market industry 18 information. And that's the kind of information that 19 could have been presented in response to this 20 interrogatory, including an identification of those 21 parties in the marketplace that are supposedly practicing 22 the invention which makes it a commercial success.</p> <p>23 MR. AMBROZY: If I may respond, Your 24 Honor.</p>	<p>1 what you have already provided, you are waiting for 2 ViewSonic to be responsive in its own right, I'm not sure 3 I can measure that other than accept you at your word 4 because there is no motion to compel ViewSonic's 5 responses to discovery that I expect has been closed.</p> <p>6 Is that a fair characterization of what 7 I think I'm hearing?</p> <p>8 MR. AMBROZY: Well, our response is not 9 solely based on what we have or have not received from 10 ViewSonic. It's also in regard to, as I said, these 11 third-party subpoenas have gone to all types of monitor 12 manufacturers, either OEMs or the original manufacturers 13 themselves. And we have not had the opportunity to study 14 all those documents in response to all the subpoenas, 15 simply because not all the documents have been produced 16 yet.</p> <p>17 In addition to that, some of our 18 commercial success evidence will come from both Tatung 19 and from ViewSonic. And in regard to your last point as 20 to whether you have or have not seen a motion to compel 21 the defendants' production, that is, we have already had 22 a meet and confer and we are in the process of getting 23 ready to file with Your Honor to force that issue.</p> <p>24 THE COURT: I understand.</p>
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<p>1 THE COURT: Please.</p> <p>2 MR. AMBROZY: Your Honor, at this point 3 in the discovery process what we have found is exactly 4 what we put in our response to the interrogatory. We 5 understand that it's widely employed in the industry, but 6 as far as giving them a detailed matrix as to who makes 7 it, how many they have sold and so forth, we are of the 8 opinion that, first of all, we need to conduct additional 9 discovery. I believe that ViewSonic and/or Tatung has 10 issued in at least in 10 to 13 third-party subpoenas. We 11 haven't received all the documents back from that nor 12 have we analyzed that.</p> <p>13 And in regard to ViewSonic's document 14 production, we have served on ViewSonic document request 15 Nos. 2 through 5, 18, 20 to 32 and 46 to 48 asking for 16 specifics as to modules or monitors that were listed in a 17 chart that they provided in response to LPL's 18 interrogatory No. 2. And once we obtain all that 19 information, we can better formulate our response to that 20 commercial success interrogatory.</p> <p>21 THE COURT: If what I understand you are 22 telling me correctly, if you have provided what you have 23 and obviously you can't provide what you don't have, if 24 you are also saying that in order for you to supplement</p>	<p>1 Ms. Roman do you want to respond to 2 that? I think what I hear them saying is they have given 3 you what they have. They are in a process of evaluating 4 additional information and, of course, they have an 5 obligation to supplement once that additional information 6 is evaluated and understood.</p> <p>7 MS. ROMAN: Yes, Your Honor. And we 8 understand those reasons. I guess the difficulty we have 9 with the response currently provided for interrogatory 10 No. 7 is that it states an understanding and knowledge 11 that LPL purports to have and then provides no basis for 12 that knowledge or understanding.</p> <p>13 As I think I'm hearing Mr. Ambrozy today 14 say that LPL simply has no facts to support that 15 understanding, and is waiting for further discovery. We 16 would like a response that states that as opposed to a 17 response that makes it unclear whether or not they have 18 actual facts that they are choosing not to share at this 19 time versus not having any facts at all and rather a 20 simple contention without any underlying basis.</p> <p>21 THE COURT: Of the interrogatories -- 22 just give me one moment, please, while I refresh my own 23 recollection of this.</p> <p>24 "LPL objects to this interrogatory to</p>

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<p>1 the extent that it seeks information protected by the 2 attorney-client privilege of the work product doctrine. 3 LPL is awaiting discovery from ViewSonic and reserves a 4 right to supplement this interrogatory answer, if 5 appropriate, when and if additional information becomes 6 available or otherwise." 7 MR. AMBROZY: That was the previous 8 answer, Your Honor; it has since been supplemented. I 9 can basically give you the outline. 10 THE COURT: I think you did, in 11 Exhibit 15? 12 MS. ROMAN: I believe it's 14, Your 13 Honor. Exhibit 14 to plaintiff's opposition. 14 MR. AMBROZY: Page 3 to 4. 15 THE COURT: In which one again, please? 16 MR. AMBROZY: LPL's Exhibit 14. 17 THE COURT: I have it. Thank you for 18 redirecting me because I certainly had the paper here. 19 LPL's response, in part, reads "to LPL's knowledge, 20 widely employed in the industry, that users of the 21 technology include competitors of both Tatung and 22 ViewSonic." 23 Apparently, it is fair comment to 24 suggest if you are acknowledging some underpinning to it,</p>	<p>1 willfully infringes the patents in that suit. And the 2 distinct issue with this interrogatory is that plaintiff 3 responded that ViewSonic has infringed by, for example, 4 importing products known to infringe the patents in suit, 5 not only since after the filing of the lawsuit, but the 6 response alleges that it has continued to do so including 7 after filing the lawsuit. 8 What's absent from this response is the 9 facts supporting LPL's contention apparently that 10 ViewSonic was willfully, knowingly importing products 11 that infringed the patents in suit before the filing of 12 the lawsuit. And the reason that this is causing 13 confusion for ViewSonic is that plaintiff has admitted, 14 in response to request for admission, that it did not 15 provide any see cease and desist or notification to 16 ViewSonic of the alleged infringement prior to filing the 17 lawsuit. 18 So we would like the facts that support 19 its contention that ViewSonic was knowingly importing and 20 infringing products prior to the filing of the lawsuit. 21 THE COURT: Okay. 22 MR. AMBROZY: Our response to that is, 23 Your Honor, that willful infringement occurs both before 24 and after the filing of a lawsuit. And as we laid out in</p>
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<p>1 even at this stage, it may be that the knowledge, the 2 ViewSonic universe of knowledge will be greater as you 3 examine whatever information you have, but you did 4 respond by saying that "to LPL's, widely employed in the 5 industry," and I do think it's fair comment to say: What 6 are the facts that underpin that knowledge? 7 Ms. Roman, is the time frame you 8 outlined with respect to No. 1 acceptable with respect to 9 anything that I order today? 10 MS. ROMAN: Yes, Your Honor, it is. 11 THE COURT: I understand, Mr. Ambrozy, 12 that there will be some supplement. And I understand 13 that you may still be receiving information as a result 14 of third-party subpoenas, but I will require at this 15 juncture that you provide the facts that support the 16 claimed knowledge of your client. 17 MR. AMBROZY: That's fine, Your Honor. 18 THE COURT: Thank you. 19 Let's go on to 8, please. 20 MS. ROMAN: Yes, Your Honor. Again, for 21 the court reporter, this is Tracy Roman. 22 Interrogatory No. 8 is similar to the 23 circumstance we just discussed with interrogatory No. 7. 24 This seeks plaintiff's contention that ViewSonic</p>	<p>1 our response to interrogatory No. 8, that that 2 infringement has continued since the complaint was filed. 3 And as we read the call of the interrogatory, there was 4 no specific request as to what was the basis for our 5 prelitigation contention of willful infringement. So we 6 basically provided the answer that was, in our mind, a 7 complete response. 8 THE COURT: Well, the interrogatory, and 9 I am working off the original filing, there has been no 10 supplement to it; correct? 11 MR. AMBROZY: Correct, Your Honor. 12 THE COURT: "State all material facts 13 that support your contention that ViewSonic's alleged 14 infringement has been willful." 15 And if I understand Ms. Roman correctly, 16 she believes that the interrogatory encompasses pre, 17 post; correct? 18 MS. ROMAN: That's correct, Your Honor. 19 To the extent that that is in their contention. 20 THE COURT: Any other comments, please? 21 MR. AMBROZY: No, Your Honor. 22 THE COURT: I am satisfied that 23 additional response needs to be made to interrogatory No. 24 8.</p>

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<p>1 MS. ROMAN: Thank you, Your Honor.</p> <p>2 Moving on to interrogatory No. 12.</p> <p>3 THE COURT: Just a second. Okay. No.</p> <p>4 12, please.</p> <p>5 MS. ROMAN: Keeping in mind and being</p> <p>6 sensitive to Your Honor's point at the beginning of this</p> <p>7 hearing that there is a distinction between Markman</p> <p>8 construction discovery and contention discovery that</p> <p>9 focuses on the claim defenses and facts of the case. We</p> <p>10 again think there is room, similar to interrogatory No.</p> <p>11 1, for some response both factual and based on claims to</p> <p>12 respond to interrogatory No. 12.</p> <p>13 LPL did provide responses to this</p> <p>14 interrogatory, but as noted in the motion, the response</p> <p>15 is effectively the same with regard to each cited</p> <p>16 reference. And that is, that they say that the cited</p> <p>17 reference fails to teach at least one of the following</p> <p>18 elements. And then it sets forth the same three verbatim</p> <p>19 elements which are directly pulled from the claim. So</p> <p>20 ViewSonic is left to question which element, if 1, 2 or</p> <p>21 all 3 are purportedly missing from the cited reference.</p> <p>22 And why, if that reference has what we believe is a</p> <p>23 corollary element similar to one cited in the accused</p> <p>24 product, why is a distinction being made between them?</p>	<p>1 is requested by the interrogatory as to whether it</p> <p>2 qualifies as prior art, but we feel that there is really</p> <p>3 no need to give any additional information as to what</p> <p>4 aspects anticipate or what elements -- what limitations</p> <p>5 in the claim are anticipated by the various elements in</p> <p>6 the publications themselves.</p> <p>7 And we take the position that we</p> <p>8 actually went above and beyond providing the information</p> <p>9 that was requested in the interrogatory.</p> <p>10 THE COURT: And you may have done that</p> <p>11 in part because you -- maybe what the response was was</p> <p>12 titillating in a sense by giving some and not continuing</p> <p>13 down the road.</p> <p>14 I am satisfied that the supplementation</p> <p>15 of this interrogatory should be of a qualification</p> <p>16 information as you've just described; but beyond that, I</p> <p>17 believe it is getting into the, falling under the</p> <p>18 umbrella of the process as it relates to claim</p> <p>19 construction, and will not require that at this point in</p> <p>20 time.</p> <p>21 MR. AMBROZY: Thank you, Your Honor.</p> <p>22 MS. ROMAN: Your Honor, this is Tracy</p> <p>23 Roman.</p> <p>24 This raises a question that we would</p>
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<p>1 And most notably, the information that</p> <p>2 was provided in response to this interrogatory is</p> <p>3 substantially less than information than LPL set forth in</p> <p>4 a declaration by its expert during the preliminary</p> <p>5 injunction briefing. And at the very least, we would</p> <p>6 have expected to have that level of detail provided in</p> <p>7 response to this interrogatory, which could be done</p> <p>8 without any claim construction. Similar to how they set</p> <p>9 forth their infringement contention in response to</p> <p>10 interrogatory No. 1.</p> <p>11 THE COURT: Mr. Ambrozy.</p> <p>12 MR. AMBROZY: Your Honor, we feel</p> <p>13 that -- first of all, if you look at the call of the</p> <p>14 interrogatory, it asks for each reference listed below</p> <p>15 that you contend does not qualify as prior art. And as</p> <p>16 we stated in our brief, the request as to whether it</p> <p>17 qualifies as prior art, we also understand it to mean</p> <p>18 whether it, if it's a patent, was it before the filing</p> <p>19 date of the patents in suit or if it was a publication</p> <p>20 such as the pixel vision SGT15T. Whether it qualifies as</p> <p>21 prior art because it was published to a significant</p> <p>22 number of people, whether it was enabling and so forth.</p> <p>23 So, as we stated in our brief, we would</p> <p>24 supplement to provide the qualification information that</p>	<p>1 appreciate some clarification on with regard to the</p> <p>2 scheduling order. It doesn't seem to contemplate the</p> <p>3 written discovery continuing through the Markman Hearing.</p> <p>4 To the extent that these, any of these disputed discovery</p> <p>5 requests are going to be held until after claim</p> <p>6 construction, is Your Honor going to include in his order</p> <p>7 something to the effect of a timing for responding to</p> <p>8 this discovery so we don't have to reissue it and have</p> <p>9 the process started all over?</p> <p>10 THE COURT: Well, there is a requirement</p> <p>11 for supplementation and it just seems to me, not having</p> <p>12 crafted this scheduling order, and understanding now that</p> <p>13 perhaps the parties -- well, not having crafted the</p> <p>14 scheduling order -- let me just leave it at that -- that</p> <p>15 the process leading to Markman does not contemplate, if</p> <p>16 you will, segregated Markman discovery; but what it does</p> <p>17 contemplate is that you will supplement the discovery</p> <p>18 that is already out there.</p> <p>19 And I really haven't, Ms. Roman, given</p> <p>20 any thought to the question you just asked. In light of</p> <p>21 the guidance that I have given you, I think it's</p> <p>22 important for me to consider your request.</p> <p>23 MS. ROMAN: Thank you, Your Honor.</p> <p>24 THE COURT: I will leave it at that for</p>

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<p>1 the moment.</p> <p>2 MS. ROMAN: Thank you, Your Honor. And</p> <p>3 we were certainly thinking something appropriate of</p> <p>4 20 days after the service of the Court's Markman ruling</p> <p>5 is a possibility.</p> <p>6 THE COURT: Yes. Well, that may make</p> <p>7 some sense. And maybe what would be helpful once we</p> <p>8 conclude today, expecting that I will be issuing a</p> <p>9 written follow-up so Judge Farnan understands what I did</p> <p>10 in the next four to five days, if you will perhaps make a</p> <p>11 proposal, very brief proposal in writing, that may make</p> <p>12 some sense.</p> <p>13 MS. ROMAN: Certainly, Your Honor. And</p> <p>14 we will talk with plaintiff's counsel in that regard as</p> <p>15 well and try to come to an agreed position.</p> <p>16 THE COURT: Good. I certainly don't</p> <p>17 want to be doing anything that appends this order or that</p> <p>18 complicates the scheduling order.</p> <p>19 MS. ROMAN: We understand, Your Honor.</p> <p>20 THE COURT: Good. Thank you.</p> <p>21 MS. ROMAN: Finishing then with</p> <p>22 interrogatories No. 3 and 4, taking them in tandem as</p> <p>23 they seek similar information and have a similar</p> <p>24 objection raised.</p>	<p>1 were to list all the ones that were in our possession</p> <p>2 because, as you may know, there are at least three</p> <p>3 litigations going on involving monitors and modules</p> <p>4 inside the monitors, that might give a misleading answer.</p> <p>5 But moreover, if we were to list just one or two and then</p> <p>6 some are left out that were in our possession, that</p> <p>7 reveals whether -- perhaps reveals whether we thought</p> <p>8 the ones that were left out of the complaint infringe or</p> <p>9 not.</p> <p>10 THE COURT: Well, they are not asking</p> <p>11 for you to be selective, they are asking for all.</p> <p>12 MR. AMBROZY: They ask for all, but by a</p> <p>13 process of elimination --</p> <p>14 THE COURT: They have asked the</p> <p>15 question, if you will.</p> <p>16 MR. AMBROZY: Yes.</p> <p>17 THE COURT: I don't see that responding</p> <p>18 to it abrogates or even steps anywhere close to</p> <p>19 attorney-client privilege or work product. So you have</p> <p>20 got to talk to me a little bit more about that because I</p> <p>21 just don't see that. If they are going to be confused by</p> <p>22 what you say because you think you are giving them too</p> <p>23 much, quite frankly, that's their dilemma to have to</p> <p>24 unravel.</p>
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<p>1 The 3 and 4 ask for plaintiff to</p> <p>2 identify those ViewSonic products that it had in its</p> <p>3 possession both before and then after the filing of the</p> <p>4 complaint.</p> <p>5 THE COURT: Yes.</p> <p>6 MS. ROMAN: We have tried to be very</p> <p>7 clear that we weren't seeking any legal analysis,</p> <p>8 opinions or communication, merely an identification of</p> <p>9 things which we perceived to be no different than an</p> <p>10 identification of documents which, as we have cited to</p> <p>11 Manville, has been held not to be attorney work product</p> <p>12 or privileged information. And the position, as I</p> <p>13 understand it, by LPL is that these interrogatories still</p> <p>14 seek attorney work product and privileged information and</p> <p>15 that's where the impasse lies.</p> <p>16 THE COURT: And we are going to hear why</p> <p>17 in a moment. Mr. Ambrozy.</p> <p>18 MR. AMBROZY: Yes, Your Honor. It's</p> <p>19 very simple. The documents and individuals thought in</p> <p>20 the cited Manville Sales Corp. did not reveal any</p> <p>21 attorney-client communications and/or reveal any attorney</p> <p>22 work product and mental impressions. What ViewSonic is</p> <p>23 seeking is what were all the monitors that you had in</p> <p>24 your possession prior to filing the complaint? And if we</p>	<p>1 MR. AMBROZY: Well, respectfully, Your</p> <p>2 Honor, we don't think they will be confused. What we</p> <p>3 think they will try to make the case, well, you had three</p> <p>4 in your possession but you only put one in your</p> <p>5 complaint. Therefore it reveals to them and the world</p> <p>6 that obviously the other two didn't infringe and</p> <p>7 therefore that's where they start to narrow in on picking</p> <p>8 away at attorney-client communications and/or picking</p> <p>9 away at mental impressions.</p> <p>10 THE COURT: You already identified one.</p> <p>11 MR. AMBROZY: We did, Your Honor.</p> <p>12 THE COURT: And isn't that the point?</p> <p>13 MR. AMBROZY: We identified the one in</p> <p>14 our complaint that we believed infringed. Whether we</p> <p>15 analyze others and believe they infringe or don't</p> <p>16 infringe, that's where the mental impression comes in.</p> <p>17 And if by reviewing the ones we had in our possession,</p> <p>18 then when they take depositions of witnesses, they will</p> <p>19 say: Well, you had this one in your possession, why</p> <p>20 didn't you put this in your complaint, didn't you think</p> <p>21 it infringed? That's where they start to pick away at</p> <p>22 the attorney-client communications and/or attorney work</p> <p>23 product, and that's why we think they are improper.</p> <p>24 It doesn't rise to the level of</p>

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<p>1 innocuous information that were the documents and the 2 witnesses identified in the Manville Sales case. They 3 are two totally separate identifications, if you will. 4 THE COURT: Thank you, Ms. Roman. 5 MS. ROMAN: Yes, Your Honor, we disagree 6 that it would reveal the mental impressions. Quite 7 simply, if they have products in their possession that 8 haven't been accused of infringement, it certainly would 9 show us potential noninfringing alternative information, 10 to which ViewSonic is entitled discovery, and to 11 understand the scope of their contentions regarding what 12 the inventions disclosed in the patents in suit truly 13 are. This is -- it's no different than, for example, 14 Your Honor, they say in the complaint that there is a 15 myriad of products that could potentially be infringing. 16 They've argued -- in other meet and confers, they 17 identified one of those products but that there could be 18 others; but we are not entitled to know what those 19 potential others are until they actually accuse them of 20 infringement. 21 It's making it very difficult for us to 22 proceed with preparing our defenses and getting proper 23 discovery. I would add that Manville wasn't actually so 24 limited. It sought discovery regarding prior art</p>	<p>1 content is what's privileged and is what's protected. 2 And we feel that's where the 3 interrogatories 3 and 4 crossed over the line from 4 documents and witnesses into mental impressions. 5 THE COURT: Just give me a moment. And, 6 Ms. Roman, I don't know if you are refamiliarizing 7 yourself with the language as well. 8 MS. ROMAN: Yes, Your Honor. 9 THE COURT: Just a moment, please. 10 MR. AMBROZY: We feel it's the last 11 column paragraph in the column, Your Honor, that seals 12 it. Where it starts up: "Since the interrogatory 13 request at issue seeks only the identification of 14 individuals and documents, not the contents of the 15 documents or mental impression of attorneys." That's why 16 those documents were ordered produced. 17 THE COURT: I see that. In fact, I have 18 it interlined, but I'm not sure how this court saying 19 that "the interrogatory request at issue seeks only the 20 identification of the individuals and documents and not 21 the contents of the documents," I'm not sure I see that 22 distinction. I see the identification of an item to be 23 an identification of an item. What you intend to do with 24 that item or what you have done with the item or what you</p>
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<p>1 searches and opinions of validity. Certainly things that 2 if you reveal the results of prior art, using 3 Mr. Ambrozy's argument, also eventually under clever 4 thinking revealed the impressions of the attorney. 5 THE COURT: Or the identification of 6 witnesses or the identification of statements. 7 MR. AMBROZY: Your Honor, if I may 8 clarify. I think in Manville Sales what the Court 9 actually said was -- let me pull it up if I can find it. 10 THE COURT: While you are doing that, 11 let me pull out the reference in your -- it's tab 9. 12 MR. AMBROZY: Correct. 13 THE COURT: Just a second. 14 MR. AMBROZY: It's on page 2, the second 15 column, Your Honor. Starting with the cite "two more." 16 THE COURT: I see it. 17 MR. AMBROZY: And just read through that 18 paragraph. What the Court actually says the 19 identification of the prior art search is not privileged, 20 but when you get into, and I think it's a cite to Ballard 21 vs. Allegheny, the Court ruled that no work product 22 objection could be sustained until the contents of the 23 documents are sought. So although the identification of 24 the documents is not privileged, any inquiry into their</p>	<p>1 think about the item is not being asked. 2 MR. AMBROZY: But it's our position that 3 for the process of looking at what was identified, what 4 was examined. 5 THE COURT: When do you call out your 6 witnesses? When do you identify your witnesses? 7 MR. AMBROZY: In revealing the monitors, 8 Your Honor? 9 THE COURT: No. Just witnesses in 10 general. 11 MR. AMBROZY: I don't understand your 12 question, Your Honor. 13 THE COURT: When you identify witnesses, 14 does that not disclose a mental impression of an 15 attorney? 16 MR. AMBROZY: It can and cannot. Some 17 can be innocuous and some may not. 18 THE COURT: Well, I appreciate the 19 dialog, I'm satisfied that the teaching of Manville 20 doesn't preclude the identification as requested. I will 21 require that there be a response in the two-week time 22 frame. What I may do is I may, with respect to this 23 particular matter, require it to be provided sooner. 24 Although, please someone remind me, I think there was an</p>

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<p>1 agreement, was there not, that exceptions taken from 2 anything I do here today -- by today I mean when I issue 3 the order finally -- I think you agreed that there would 4 be a shorter time frame than contemplated by the rule. 5 MR. AMBROZY: It's five days, Your 6 Honor. 7 MR. KIRK: That's correct, Your Honor. 8 THE COURT: I may leave the schedule to 9 be the same. 10 Okay. Thank you. Next one, please. 11 MS. ROMAN: Tracy Roman, Your Honor. 12 I believe now we are through the 13 interrogatories and are turning to the request for 14 admission. 15 THE COURT: Okay. 16 MS. ROMAN: Your Honor, I'm not sure, 17 and, Rel, please interject if necessary, but there was a 18 supplementation provided. It was noted in the opposition 19 that plaintiffs would be supplementing certain of the 20 requests for admission. Those requests were No. 3 and 21 numbers Nos. 5 through 10. 22 THE COURT: That's my understanding. 23 Has that, in fact, occurred? 24 MS. ROMAN: It has occurred, Your Honor.</p>	<p>1 Honor. 2 THE COURT: We have availability for the 3 rest of the week, as early as possible. 4 MR. AMBROZY: Our only problem, Your 5 Honor, is we don't know who will be available to meet and 6 confer with them, but we will make our best efforts to 7 get it down by early next week. 8 THE COURT: Okay. 9 At least I understand that that's going 10 to move forward and the only thing I would request is if 11 you are looking for additional time with me that, 12 perhaps, make some effort to reserve some time as soon as 13 you can. 14 MR. MILLER: Your Honor, this is Scott 15 Miller. 16 Do we need to go through another full 17 briefing operation after the meet and confer or is it 18 possible that we could just do the three-page letter on 19 this, do you think, and try to expedite the process? 20 THE COURT: I would certainly prefer, 21 given the timelines that you are working with now, that 22 expediting is the way to go, and if you can do it in the 23 three pages, that's good. 24 MR. MILLER: Thank you.</p>
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<p>1 Unfortunately, we still feel that the responses that have 2 been provided and the supplementation don't resolve our 3 concerns. 4 THE COURT: I don't have those. 5 Correct? 6 MS. ROMAN: I believe that's correct. 7 And that's why I am hesitating, Your Honor, because I'm 8 not certain how best to proceed with going through these. 9 THE COURT: I don't think it would be 10 very efficient for any of us to be talking about 11 something that I haven't seen and I gather you have not 12 had in any event a meet and confer, if you will, about 13 the supplementation. 14 MR. AMBROZY: That's correct, Your 15 Honor. 16 THE COURT: And I would certainly -- the 17 rules contemplate it, the local rules mandate it and I 18 expect it. So there is going to have to be a meet and 19 confer with respect to those if they are still, if 20 Ms. Roman still asserts that they are deficient. 21 MS. ROMAN: Okay, Your Honor. 22 THE COURT: Do you want to propose a 23 time frame now or would you prefer to do that offline? 24 MS. ROMAN: We can propose it now, Your</p>	<p>1 THE COURT: And what I expect you are 2 going to be doing is you are going to be identifying what 3 you view to be as still deficient. So if it's a matter 4 of your saying, please, use what we have, what you 5 already have and supplement it with the three pages, 6 that's fine. 7 MS. ROMAN: Thank you, Your Honor. 8 THE COURT: Thank you. 9 MS. ROMAN: That would take us, then, to 10 request for admission No. 11 and our motion that appears 11 on page 7. 12 THE COURT: Okay. Just a second. 13 MS. ROMAN: And it's Exhibit 4 to our 14 motion. 15 THE COURT: Thank you, I'm there, 11. 16 MS. ROMAN: Yes, Your Honor. The next 17 group that we are dealing with, and starting with RAF No. 18 11, seeks really to identify the scope of the invention. 19 And we focus, particularly when we requested these 20 admissions, on using LPL's own words so that there would 21 be no concern over ambiguity or even a need for claim 22 construction. This RFA asks for LPL to admit that, as 23 disclosed in the '641 patent, which is one of the patents 24 in suit, your housing substantially supports the flat</p>

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<p>1 panel display device, when the flat panel display device 2 is mounted to the rear housing via the fastening part at 3 the rear surface of the first frame. As we note in our 4 motion, this language was taken directly from plaintiff's 5 expert's declaration.</p> <p>6 And we believe we are entitled to an 7 admission on whether or not that truly is their position, 8 as stated in that declaration. We don't believe that 9 this calls out a requirement for claim construction.</p> <p>10 MR. AMBROZY: If I may respond, Your 11 Honor.</p> <p>12 THE COURT: Yes, please.</p> <p>13 MR. AMBROZY: It is our position that it 14 absolutely requires claim construction for all of these 15 11 through 18 because they either specifically recite the 16 claim language or they paraphrase the claim language. 17 And ViewSonic's position that our expert might have 18 construed claims in the past is irrelevant.</p> <p>19 First of all, that was done in a 20 preliminary injunction context and as the Federal 21 Circuit has stated in Pfizer at 429 F 3rd 1364 and the 22 pinpoint is 1377. Claim construction in a preliminary 23 injunction context is done on a rolling basis. 24 Therefore, once the preliminary injunction aspect is</p>	<p>1 respect to 16, and I do pause over 17. And I want you to 2 pause with me here. Maybe it's being too simple for me 3 to say that in looking at 17 -- I think what I see here 4 is a request to admit a simple fact that does not require 5 claim construction.</p> <p>6 MR. AMBROZY: Your Honor, it's our 7 position that attached to the stand absolutely implies or 8 brings in the claim construction issue, because of the 9 claims at issue, for example, 35, in the '641 patent 10 recite "a rear mountable flat panel display capable of 11 being mounted to a data processing device" and then it 12 goes on to talk about the mounting of the first frame and 13 the second frame of the display panel. So attaching to 14 the stand necessarily implicates all those claim terms 15 and falls within, falls under Judge Farnan's Rule 16 16 scheduling order.</p> <p>17 MS. ROMAN: Your Honor, this is Tracy 18 Roman.</p> <p>19 We disagree. The dilemma that 20 plaintiff's position is putting us in is that they can 21 say the VX900 has these features. These features 22 infringe the patents in suit because, for example, it has 23 two screws that enter from the rear and attach to the 24 component we are going to call a frame. But then when we</p>
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<p>1 done, claim construction can still occur at a later date 2 and they can be revised. And that's exactly the position 3 we are in at this point in time.</p> <p>4 THE COURT: That's what happens, doesn't 5 it?</p> <p>6 MR. AMBROZY: It does, Your Honor. And 7 that's why we feel that 11 through 18 all require claim 8 construction and as set forth in Judge Farnan's 9 scheduling order, Your Honor, there is a time and a place 10 for that. And until that time arises, it's impossible to 11 admit or deny this request as well as the others.</p> <p>12 THE COURT: Well, I am just focusing on 13 11 for a moment and then we will figure out what the 14 sweep is. I am satisfied that it does relate to the 15 claim construction process. I am certainly mindful of 16 what happens at the preliminary injunction stage. I am 17 mindful of how the view of the expert can change, be 18 modified, be refined over time. And I'm satisfied, 19 therefore, that there need be no further answer with 20 respect to 11.</p> <p>21 And maybe to make it easy, I don't see 22 any difference with respect to 12, and I'm happy to hear 23 you discuss with me if you see that there is a 24 difference, with respect to 13, with respect to 14, with</p>	<p>1 ask them to admit that those screws attach to something 2 else as well, they can't admit it because it requires 3 claim construction.</p> <p>4 THE COURT: But maybe this would be 5 helpful. Where is the claim that includes the language 6 "attach the stand to"?</p> <p>7 MS. ROMAN: It doesn't exist in the 8 claims, Your Honor.</p> <p>9 MR. AMBROZY: That was my point earlier, 10 Your Honor, that ViewSonic either uses the claim exactly 11 or paraphrases them. And in claim 35 in the second 12 paragraph it starts out "wherein the flat panel" --</p> <p>13 THE COURT: Just give me a second, will 14 you?</p> <p>15 MR. AMBROZY: Yes. Okay.</p> <p>16 THE COURT: I don't know that I have -- 17 keep going.</p> <p>18 MR. AMBROZY: It states: "Wherein the 19 flat display panel is between the first frame and the 20 second frame, the first frame of the back light unit 21 capable of being fixed," capable of being fixed is 22 essentially what they are asking for when they ask about 23 attaching, using the screws to attach to the stand. And 24 I will continue reading the claim language: "capable of</p>

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<p>1 being fixed to a housing of the data processing device 2 through the fastening part at the rear surface of the 3 first frame." 4 So it may look innocuous, the statement 5 attaches the stand to the VX900 monitor, but it 6 necessarily implicates all the claim language. 7 THE COURT: Ms. Roman. 8 MS. ROMAN: Yes, Your Honor. The claim 9 language doesn't include the word stand and attach is not 10 some nefarious work-around by ViewSonic to try to pull in 11 claim language that doesn't exist. It's simply: Here is 12 the product, this is the feature as we observed it, and 13 the structure. The request doesn't ask them to admit 14 that those screws only attach the stand, which might in 15 some distant way reach to Mr. Ambrozy's argument. But if 16 we can't ask by discovery, about the features of the 17 product that can be observed and don't require any claim 18 construction, I'm afraid we are not going to be able to 19 have any depositions because we are always going to be 20 running into this dilemma before claim construction is 21 completed. 22 THE COURT: I understand your respective 23 positions with respect to 17. I said that I paused over 24 it. And what I intend to do is think about it further</p>	<p>1 discovery until after a claim construction order is 2 issued. 3 THE COURT: 17? 4 MS. ROMAN: Yes. Looking back at 17, 5 and it stems from Mr. Ambrozy's comment regarding 6 fastening holes, and pointing out the fact that 7 underlying most of their objections to these requests for 8 admission that any time a word is used in the discovery 9 request that is a word included either in the claim of 10 the patent or in the specification of the patent or a 11 word that can be interpreted to be similar to those 12 words, we are precluded from doing discovery on it. It's 13 going to make it almost impossible for us to conduct any 14 depositions of inventors. We would appreciate your 15 guidance when you are considering this request No. 17 how 16 we can proceed forward and get around this potential land 17 mine. 18 THE COURT: I think you can both hear 19 what I am inclined to do by virtue of the way I posed the 20 questions I asked. I just want to give it some 21 additional thought. And I appreciate what you have just 22 said. 23 MS. ROMAN: Thank you, Your Honor. 24 And if I may step backwards, then, to</p>
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<p>1 and when we issue a decision by Monday or Tuesday of next 2 week you will have my view with respect to that. 3 MR. AMBROZY: Your Honor, if I may just 4 point out one more claim term. In claim 36 it also asks 5 "wherein the fastening part includes a fastening hole." 6 And if you look at the request for admission No. 17, it 7 asks about the two top screws and the two screw holes 8 which obviously implicate the claim 36 and the fastening 9 part and includes the fastening hole. 10 THE COURT: Thank you, Your Honor. 11 MR. AMBROZY: Thank you. 12 THE COURT: Just one moment. I am going 13 to just put you all on hold for just a moment, please. 14 Are you all back on? 15 MS. ROMAN: Yes, Your Honor. 16 THE COURT: I'm sorry, I was talking to 17 a phone that kept blinking. Thank you. 18 We are up to 18. 19 MS. ROMAN: Your Honor, may I interject 20 for a moment? 21 THE COURT: Sure. 22 MS. ROMAN: Just on 17, because it 23 raises an issue that I think is going to be a problem for 24 all of the parties moving forward through the rest of</p>	<p>1 request for admission No. 16. 2 THE COURT: Yes. Because I did ask if 3 you had any view as to why they were different, and I 4 need to hear that. 5 MS. ROMAN: Yes, Your Honor. And I 6 don't want you jumping around too much, but I will just 7 state for the record at the moment that 16 and 18, which 8 are in this group of requests that we are sort of dealing 9 with all at once, are similar. I think 16 is a hybrid 10 for Your Honor to consider, a hybrid between request 17 11 which requests for them to admit something about the 12 structure of the accused monitor, and potentially Your 13 Honor's ruling on 13, 14, 11 and 12, combining in 14 language that LPL argues requires construction of the 15 claim. 16 So we would like consideration, at 17 least, on request for admission No. 16, which asks them 18 to admit -- and it's really a matter of admitting their 19 observation of the product from their analysis of the 20 product, that when assembled those screws at issue -- I'm 21 sorry, Your Honor, I misspoke. 16 actually dealings with 22 one of the prior art references that has been evaluated 23 in the case. 24 THE COURT: It does.</p>

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<p>1 MS. ROMAN: That the screw that's in the 2 center back of that product and the post do not securely 3 fix, firmly attach or make fast the device to the rear 4 housing. 5 MR. AMBROZY: Your Honor, if I may, in 6 regard to 16 and 18, as we set forth in our brief on page 7 8 and 9, we also take the position that the whole idea of 8 asking LPL to admit as to whether something that's in 9 paper form -- this pixel vision reference, the screws 10 that are shown in there, whether they securely fix, 11 firmly attach or make fast a flat panel display is also, 12 as we stated in our brief, is posing a hypothetical, 13 first of all. And it's also vague and ambiguous because 14 how can we admit or deny something that is only in paper 15 form. 16 MS. ROMAN: Your Honor, if I may. It 17 was a product that was evaluated by them and their 18 expert, not in paper form, but in tangible form. And the 19 statement that we are requesting them to admit is the 20 statement made by their expert witness that in fact that 21 screw to that threaded post does not securely fix, firmly 22 attach or make fast the device. This is the language 23 that was used by their expert so there should be no 24 ambiguity in it either.</p>	<p>1 MR. AMBROZY: Thank you, Your Honor. 2 THE COURT: 19, please. 3 MS. ROMAN: I do apologize again, Your 4 Honor, but I have to take us backwards one more time to 5 requests 14 and 15. These requests actually deal with 6 the prior art front mounting method, which is called out 7 specifically and designed specifically in the 8 specification to the patents in suit. It doesn't deal 9 with the actual claims or the invention disclosed. 10 And in that regard we believe that it 11 does not require any claim construction because the 12 definition of the method is set forth clearly in the 13 specifications. 14 THE COURT: This is 14 and -- 15 MS. ROMAN: And 15, Your Honor. 16 14 seeking the plaintiff to admit that 17 when practicing the prior art front mounting method, as 18 referenced in the '641 patent, the housing provides 19 substantial support for the flat panel display device 20 when mounted. 21 THE COURT: Right. 22 MS. ROMAN: And then 15 asking the 23 plaintiff admit that the front mounting method does not 24 require that the LCD device be mounted to the front case.</p>
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<p>1 And it really is not asking for them to 2 construe any claim terms. It's asking whether or not the 3 product structure is this or is not this. Whether the 4 claim construction turns out to be that rear mountable 5 means something entirely different this has no bearing on 6 whether this is the reality of this structure of this 7 product. 8 THE COURT: I understand the distinction 9 you are wanting to draw and I will take 16 under 10 advisement along with 17. 11 MS. ROMAN: And, Your Honor, as I had 12 mentioned, 18, it's the same request, only 18 is the one 13 that deals with the accused monitor, the X900. 14 THE COURT: Yes. 15 MR. AMBROZY: Your Honor, if I may. 16 Just pointing out that in 18 as well, we take the 17 position that it's vague and ambiguous in that it asks 18 for whether the rear housing provides substantial 19 support. Again, to force a request for admission on that 20 point we think -- it's a hypothetical pose and it becomes 21 vague and ambiguous when we try to answer it. 22 THE COURT: I understand that. 23 That I will also deal with when I issue 24 a written decision.</p>	<p>1 We would simply ask, Your Honor, to consider those in 2 conjunction with the additional considerations that you 3 are giving to these other group of requests. 4 MR. AMBROZY: If I may, Your Honor. 5 THE COURT: Yes, please. 6 MR. AMBROZY: With regard to 14 and 15, 7 we reiterate the fact that it is dependent on claim 8 construction, first of all. But also 14 and 15, as we 9 spelled out in our brief, were vague and ambiguous. And 10 in addition to that, as we stated in regard to the 11 Fulhorst case, which relies on Golden Valley, we believe 12 that it's improper to ask for a comparison between prior 13 art methods or devices in comparing it to the patent in 14 suit and asking for a bald legal conclusion, which is 15 what requests 14 and 15 are doing. 16 THE COURT: Just give me one moment, 17 please. 18 I understand your positions with respect 19 to 14 and 15. And although I gave you -- I intend to 20 also consider that an issue when I issue a written 21 decision. 22 MR. AMBROZY: Thank you, Your Honor. 23 MS. ROMAN: Thank you, Your Honor. 24 I believe that the next request at issue</p>

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<p>1 is 19.</p> <p>2 THE COURT: Yes.</p> <p>3 MS. ROMAN: This request, again, seeks</p> <p>4 for an admission about the structure that the DX 900 and</p> <p>5 in this regard it's asking in the context of practicing</p> <p>6 the prior art front mounting method as that method is</p> <p>7 disclosed expressly in the patents in suit.</p> <p>8 Again, it underscores and highlights for</p> <p>9 Your Honor the difficulty we are having in drawing the</p> <p>10 distinction between when something does and doesn't</p> <p>11 require a claim construction and how much discovery we</p> <p>12 can take on prior art.</p> <p>13 THE COURT: Right.</p> <p>14 MR. AMBROZY: If I may, Your Honor, in</p> <p>15 our brief we don't point out that claim 19 is dependent</p> <p>16 on claim construction. What we did make the argument on</p> <p>17 is the fact that it's asking for whether the prior art is</p> <p>18 disclosed in -- admit that the DX900 uses the prior art</p> <p>19 front mounting method disclosed in the patent. And</p> <p>20 again, it's asking for a bald legal conclusion. Judge</p> <p>21 Farnan has actually looked at this issue and found it</p> <p>22 improper.</p> <p>23 THE COURT: Does it not ask for an</p> <p>24 ultimate legal conclusion?</p>	<p>1 And if that is what it's doing, it is seeking a legal</p> <p>2 conclusion.</p> <p>3 MR. MILLER: Your Honor, this is Scott</p> <p>4 Miller.</p> <p>5 I don't think -- maybe this is part of</p> <p>6 the point Ms. Roman was making. It doesn't say admit</p> <p>7 that the VX900 does not infringe the patent claims. In</p> <p>8 the patent itself it articulates the prior art method of</p> <p>9 how an attachment can be made.</p> <p>10 THE COURT: Right.</p> <p>11 MR. MILLER: What we are asking is for</p> <p>12 them to admit that what they admit is the prior art is</p> <p>13 also what is found in our product. They can take the</p> <p>14 position that our product also practices the invention,</p> <p>15 and therefore there is an infringement. And the prior</p> <p>16 art method is not articulated in a way that says front</p> <p>17 mounting means screws from the front and no screws from</p> <p>18 the rear. At least, we don't read it that way.</p> <p>19 But we certainly need to be able to</p> <p>20 understand whether or not the prior art methodology is</p> <p>21 employed in this product. And they are also contending</p> <p>22 that additional methodologies infringe the patents.</p> <p>23 So we are not asking it in a manner that</p> <p>24 is exclusive as to the infringement contention. And</p>
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<p>1 MS. ROMAN: Your Honor, it does not seek</p> <p>2 an admission that the product does not infringe. And</p> <p>3 there is nothing in here to indicate that if it practices</p> <p>4 the prior art front mounting method that it cannot also</p> <p>5 practice the rear mounting method. In fact, that's one</p> <p>6 of the issues regarding the scope of the claims of the</p> <p>7 patents that we are trying to understand through</p> <p>8 discovery.</p> <p>9 It's been unclear to us since the</p> <p>10 beginning of this case whether or not the contention is</p> <p>11 that the patent can include both the rear mounting and</p> <p>12 devices that incorporate other forms of mounting in</p> <p>13 addition to that. We need to get some clarification on</p> <p>14 that, and this discovery is the only way we can do that.</p> <p>15 MR. AMBROZY: Again, Your Honor, asking</p> <p>16 for legal conclusions is not the proper way to do it.</p> <p>17 THE COURT: It seems to me it does</p> <p>18 require that LPL admit or deny whether the features of</p> <p>19 the VX900 meet the express definition of front mounting.</p> <p>20 doesn't it?</p> <p>21 MR. AMBROZY: We believe it does, Your</p> <p>22 Honor.</p> <p>23 THE COURT: I mean, I expect that that's</p> <p>24 what -- it seems to me that that is what it is doing.</p>	<p>1 therefore we didn't believe it was seeking the ultimate</p> <p>2 conclusion of noninfringement.</p> <p>3 MR. AMBROZY: But it does seek the</p> <p>4 conclusion as to prior art and whether that goes to the</p> <p>5 invalidity of the patent.</p> <p>6 THE COURT: Yes. Okay.</p> <p>7 MR. MILLER: I don't think so.</p> <p>8 THE COURT: I do understand your</p> <p>9 respective positions and I will advise you of my rulings</p> <p>10 when I write about it.</p> <p>11 MR. AMBROZY: Okay.</p> <p>12 MR. MILLER: If I could ask Mr. Ambrozy</p> <p>13 for a little clarification. I'm not sure how it relates</p> <p>14 to the validity of the patent at all, if it practices</p> <p>15 what you admit. If the patent admits what the prior art</p> <p>16 is, and we are not asking you to admit that the prior art</p> <p>17 invalidates the patent, I don't see how this request gets</p> <p>18 to that. Maybe I am misreading it. I'm not trying to be</p> <p>19 argumentative, but I was very confused by Mr. Ambrozy's</p> <p>20 statement regarding the validity of the patent and how</p> <p>21 this request brings that into issue.</p> <p>22 THE COURT: Mr. Ambrozy, do you want to</p> <p>23 respond?</p> <p>24 MR. AMBROZY: We are going to stand on</p>

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<p>1 our answers, Your Honor. We will stand on our answer.</p> <p>2 THE COURT: Thank you. No. 22, please.</p> <p>3 MS. ROMAN: Just a moment, Your Honor.</p> <p>4 I am turning to it.</p> <p>5 THE COURT: Is that in dispute?</p> <p>6 MS. ROMAN: Actually, Your Honor, I</p> <p>7 don't believe it is that's why I was having a little</p> <p>8 difficulty here. No. I think we were moving on to 23,</p> <p>9 Your Honor.</p> <p>10 THE COURT: Thank you.</p> <p>11 MS. ROMAN: Request No. 23 asks</p> <p>12 plaintiff to admit that a component in the VX900, which</p> <p>13 they have identified as letter C for identification</p> <p>14 purposes, is not part of an LCD module, which was also</p> <p>15 identified by letter H by their expert, and we attach the</p> <p>16 expert's description for this to their RFA.</p> <p>17 The objection argues that LPL doesn't</p> <p>18 understand what is meant by the term part of the LCD</p> <p>19 module.</p> <p>20 THE COURT: Right.</p> <p>21 MS. ROMAN: Whether it requires</p> <p>22 preassembly or post assembly. ViewSonic believes that</p> <p>23 this is a classic case of responding to an admission and</p> <p>24 qualifying your answer. To the extent that you can admit</p>	<p>1 that the component identified as C is not part of the LCD</p> <p>2 module post assembly, but admit that it is part -- or</p> <p>3 preassembly, but it is part of it post assembly.</p> <p>4 THE COURT: And you are just suggesting</p> <p>5 that even though you didn't ask it that way that they</p> <p>6 should be in a position to do both, if you will.</p> <p>7 MS. ROMAN: Yes, Your Honor. I believe</p> <p>8 that the Federal Rules of Civil Procedure contemplates a</p> <p>9 responding party to respond to an RFA in as best a way as</p> <p>10 they can, admitting as much of it as they can, and</p> <p>11 qualifying their answer if necessary. And this is a good</p> <p>12 example of that.</p> <p>13 MR. AMBROZY: And obviously we take the</p> <p>14 contrary view, Your Honor, that if it was meant to be</p> <p>15 stated that way, it should have been stated that way. We</p> <p>16 can't be expected to guess as to what answer ViewSonic</p> <p>17 would like to see and then tailor our response to that.</p> <p>18 THE COURT: I understand your positions</p> <p>19 and I will advise.</p> <p>20 MR. AMBROZY: Thank you, Your Honor.</p> <p>21 THE COURT: 28.</p> <p>22 MS. ROMAN: Yes, Your Honor.</p> <p>23 THE COURT: Grouping of 28 -- just a</p> <p>24 moment. 28 through 30. Okay.</p>
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<p>1 for preassembly purposes or post-assembly purposes, they</p> <p>2 should do so and then qualify their answer.</p> <p>3 They are certainly familiar with what an</p> <p>4 LCD module is, as we noted in our brief, and it's also</p> <p>5 been used, that term has been used in their response to</p> <p>6 other discovery including in their supplemental responses</p> <p>7 to discovery. So there shouldn't be any ambiguity as to</p> <p>8 what an LCD module is.</p> <p>9 MR. AMBROZY: Again, it's not the LCD</p> <p>10 module that's in dispute here, it's the VX900 of which</p> <p>11 the LCD module is a part of and which obviously is -- the</p> <p>12 frames that attach or don't attach to that and at what</p> <p>13 point they are attached, whether it's preassembly or post</p> <p>14 assembly, again, that's ambiguous. But also just the</p> <p>15 fact that we are discussing the LCD module and whether</p> <p>16 the frames are attached or not implies claim construction</p> <p>17 again.</p> <p>18 THE COURT: And I guess my question is,</p> <p>19 why doesn't it implicate claim construction?</p> <p>20 MS. ROMAN: Your Honor, it doesn't use</p> <p>21 any of the terms of the claim. It simply asks whether a</p> <p>22 component is part of another component as they understand</p> <p>23 it from their observation of the product. Particularly</p> <p>24 if they could respond that they deny that -- or admit</p>	<p>1 MS. ROMAN: Your Honor, 28 through 30, I</p> <p>2 believe the issue is whether or not it seeks ultimate</p> <p>3 conclusion of infringement. Our position is that it does</p> <p>4 not because it actually seeks LPL's contention, not a</p> <p>5 declaration or an admission of actual infringement. Each</p> <p>6 request includes the words that LPL believes the</p> <p>7 identified product infringes.</p> <p>8 We are looking for whether or not they</p> <p>9 believe that that product infringes so we can again</p> <p>10 further start to understand what the scope of the</p> <p>11 invention disclosed in the patents in suit includes and</p> <p>12 what products and manners of mounting could be considered</p> <p>13 noninfringing alternatives.</p> <p>14 MR. AMBROZY: If I need to respond, Your</p> <p>15 Honor, I will.</p> <p>16 THE COURT: Maybe it's important, and I</p> <p>17 think it's important for me to understand why LPL's</p> <p>18 subjective beliefs about products that are not relevant</p> <p>19 to the claims or defenses in the litigation -- so it</p> <p>20 really is a Rule 26(b)1 inquiry, is it not?</p> <p>21 MS. ROMAN: I'm sorry, Your Honor, you</p> <p>22 are asking?</p> <p>23 THE COURT: 26(b) inquiry? Why is it</p> <p>24 related? How is it relevant?</p>

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<p>1 MS. ROMAN: Well, as I mentioned, Your 2 Honor, it goes to, besides the ability to discover 3 noninfringing alternatives, structures that contemplate 4 noninfringing alternatives. In addition, Your Honor, we 5 are dealing with patents that involve flat panel display 6 devices that it's unclear, and hopefully we will get to 7 it in claim construction what scope that entails. 8 ViewSonic puts products in the marketplace that include 9 various types of, for example, LCD modules. And if we 10 can identify modules that are noninfringing alternatives, 11 that's important for us to do through the course of 12 discovery.</p> <p>13 In addition, in regards to the 14 commercial success interrogatory that we discussed 15 earlier, they responded that the patents said, the 16 inventions disclosed in the patents ensued are wildly 17 used in the industry by various competitors of both 18 ViewSonic and Tatung. This would be a classic example of 19 us trying to identify whether or not this is one such 20 device that showed commercial success of the invention.</p> <p>21 THE COURT: Okay.</p> <p>22 MR. AMBROZY: Do I need to respond, Your 23 Honor?</p> <p>24 THE COURT: Please.</p>	<p>1 discovery we have to conduct on these products, as I 2 mentioned, to go to commercial success, to damages, to 3 noninfringing alternatives.</p> <p>4 THE COURT: Okay.</p> <p>5 MR. AMBROZY: Do you need a response, 6 Your Honor?</p> <p>7 THE COURT: Yes. Go ahead.</p> <p>8 MR. AMBROZY: I was going to say whether 9 it's a contention or not, it's ViewSonic's job to ask for 10 those contentions and seek them properly whether they be 11 in interrogatories or not. But to have LPL admit or deny 12 whether something infringes is clearly not within what's 13 called for by the discovery process.</p> <p>14 THE COURT: All right. I understand 15 your respective positions, and I will advise in writing.</p> <p>16 MR. AMBROZY: Thank you, Your Honor.</p> <p>17 MS. ROMAN: Your Honor, the last RFA at 18 issue are 31 and 32, and that actually moves backward in 19 our motion, if you are looking at it, to page 9.</p> <p>20 THE COURT: I have it. Thank you.</p> <p>21 MS. ROMAN: These two requests for 22 admission deal with correlations between structures of 23 the VX900, which is an accused product, and the VX2000 24 which as Your Honor may recall we already mentioned is a</p>
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<p>1 MR. AMBROZY: First of all, it's not 2 relevant, as you pointed out, whether or not these 3 infringe. Second of all, in order to make that 4 determination requires claim construction. But more 5 importantly, and I think in regard to not only relevance 6 but it's just basically a bald legal conclusion asking 7 whether these monitors infringe or not. That's a problem 8 for the Court.</p> <p>9 MS. ROMAN: Your Honor, if I might also 10 point out as we did in the motion, LPL did provide this 11 information of its own accord in response to 12 interrogatories. It said that it had had discussions, it 13 had identified these products as potentially infringing 14 and has had discussions with those parties regarding that 15 potential infringement.</p> <p>16 THE COURT: So, I mean, I gather you 17 don't see a distinction between -- I don't remember 18 whether the word was potential or possible. Maybe you 19 can help me as we are sitting here. The possibility or 20 potential of infringement as opposed to a belief, I mean 21 is a belief a drill-down through more information?</p> <p>22 MS. ROMAN: I don't believe so, Your 23 Honor. It's simply seeking THAT this is a contention of 24 theirs so we can proceed forward with whatever necessary</p>	<p>1 product that's in their possession. It's also a product 2 that was the subject of the trial in the U.K., and which 3 was found to be noninfringing. So to try and identify 4 the corollary features between those and whether LPL's 5 contention that the structure of the VX900 differs from 6 that would help, again, ViewSonic understand the scope of 7 the claims at issue in the case.</p> <p>8 So request 31 asks LPL to first admit 9 from a foundational standpoint that it is aware of the 10 structure of the VX2000 and in particular the mounting of 11 the LCD device in that structure.</p> <p>12 And then request 32 asks them to admit 13 that the VX900 uses the same mounting of the LCD device 14 to the housing as is used in the VX2000.</p> <p>15 If I understand correctly from their 16 opposition, they take issue with the fact that we use the 17 words "manner" or "method" of mounting as opposed to 18 saying that it is mounted the same way. Certainly the 19 use of manner or method was not intended to try and sweep 20 in any claim construction of the method patent that's at 21 issue in this case, the '718. It was simply a choice of 22 phrasing to get to the structure of the mounting of the 23 LCD device of the VX2000, and can be read that way.</p> <p>24 THE COURT: And your device.</p>

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<p>1 MS. ROMAN: And our device, yes.</p> <p>2 THE COURT: What does this request for</p> <p>3 admission have to do with claim construction? If I</p> <p>4 understand both 31 and 32, the view or the request, "do</p> <p>5 you know," what does that have to do with the patent in</p> <p>6 suit?</p> <p>7 MR. AMBROZY: First of all, Your Honor,</p> <p>8 the '718 patent is a method patent.</p> <p>9 THE COURT: I understand that. But I'm</p> <p>10 talking -- let's go to 31. Admit that LPL is aware of</p> <p>11 the manner or method by which the LCD device in the</p> <p>12 ViewSonic VX2000 monitor is mounted to the housing.</p> <p>13 MR. AMBROZY: Also, as we stated in our</p> <p>14 objections and answers, we take the position that aware,</p> <p>15 manner or method and mounted to the housing are all</p> <p>16 ambiguous in the sense that there are probably several</p> <p>17 ways in which to mount something. I don't know if Your</p> <p>18 Honor is aware, but a lot of these modules and monitors</p> <p>19 have various screw holes so it's not particular as to --</p> <p>20 THE COURT: I have learned a little bit</p> <p>21 about them over the past few months.</p> <p>22 MR. AMBROZY: Okay. It's our position</p> <p>23 that it basically poses a hypothetical and that it cannot</p> <p>24 be answered in a short --</p>	<p>1 that they either admit or deny.</p> <p>2 MS. ROMAN: Thank you, Your Honor.</p> <p>3 32 asks them to admit that one product</p> <p>4 uses the same structure as another product, both of which</p> <p>5 they have thoroughly evaluated. Again, it doesn't call</p> <p>6 out a specific method or manner that's called out in the</p> <p>7 '718 patent. It doesn't say that it uses the</p> <p>8 front-mounting method or the rear-mounting method, just</p> <p>9 that the structures are or are not the same. They can</p> <p>10 deny it. If they think there is a myriad method of</p> <p>11 mounting for LCD devices, they can deny it because they</p> <p>12 believe it's different.</p> <p>13 THE COURT: Right. Mr. Ambrozy.</p> <p>14 MR. AMBROZY: Your Honor, we stand on</p> <p>15 our objections that, first of all, it's ambiguous and</p> <p>16 that it also would require the construction of the '718</p> <p>17 patent.</p> <p>18 THE COURT: I am not satisfied that it</p> <p>19 would require the construction of the '718 patent, and I</p> <p>20 am also not satisfied that it is ambiguous, and will</p> <p>21 require that you admit or deny.</p> <p>22 MR. AMBROZY: That's fine, Your Honor.</p> <p>23 THE COURT: That gets us through what we</p> <p>24 needed to get through today. I did anticipate and had</p>
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<p>1 THE COURT: How is it hypothetical? If</p> <p>2 you are looking at -- they are asking you to, if you are</p> <p>3 aware of ViewSonic VX2000, and I expect you are aware of</p> <p>4 the device, they are asking whether you are aware of the</p> <p>5 method by which the LCD device is mounted?</p> <p>6 MR. AMBROZY: And I think that's the key</p> <p>7 phrase, Your Honor, mounted to the housing.</p> <p>8 THE COURT: What's difficult about that</p> <p>9 phrase?</p> <p>10 MR. AMBROZY: Because whether we admit</p> <p>11 or deny necessarily implicates whether the '718 patent</p> <p>12 and the method taught in there for mounting, or as the</p> <p>13 claim recites, fixing the flat panel display between the</p> <p>14 first and second frames, comes into play.</p> <p>15 THE COURT: Ms. Roman.</p> <p>16 MS. ROMAN: Yes, Your Honor.</p> <p>17 Request 31 simply asks them to admit</p> <p>18 whether they are aware of the mounting. It doesn't ask</p> <p>19 for anything further than that. That should be an easy</p> <p>20 one for them to admit or deny whether they are aware of</p> <p>21 it. It doesn't disclose by either admitting or denying</p> <p>22 it any claim within the '718 patent or even the nature of</p> <p>23 the '718 patent.</p> <p>24 THE COURT: 31, I am going to require</p>	<p>1 hoped that I would have been in a position to give you a</p> <p>2 ruling with respect to each. I'm sorry I'm not in a</p> <p>3 position to do that, but I do want to give some of the</p> <p>4 ones that I reserved further consideration. I would like</p> <p>5 a transcript if I can have it -- does tomorrow afternoon</p> <p>6 work?</p> <p>7 COURT REPORTER: Of course, Your Honor.</p> <p>8 That will be fine.</p> <p>9 THE COURT: I don't know how many others</p> <p>10 will be ordering transcripts. Do you all want to advise</p> <p>11 her.</p> <p>12 MR. MILLER: ViewSonic will be, Your</p> <p>13 Honor.</p> <p>14 MR. AMBROZY: As well as LPL.</p> <p>15 THE COURT: Any other matters?</p> <p>16 MR. AMBROZY: Not from LPL.</p> <p>17 MS. ROMAN: Not from ViewSonic. Your</p> <p>18 Honor, we will meet and confer on those responses that</p> <p>19 have been supplemented as early as possible.</p> <p>20 THE COURT: Thank you all very much.</p> <p>21 (The teleconference ended at 2:37 p.m.)</p> <p>22</p> <p>23</p> <p>24</p>

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CERTIFICATE

STATE OF DELAWARE:

NEW CASTLE COUNTY:

I, Ellen Corbett Hannum, a Notary Public within and for the County and State aforesaid, do hereby certify that the foregoing teleconference was taken before me, pursuant to notice, at the time and place indicated; that the discussion was correctly recorded in machine shorthand by me and thereafter transcribed under my supervision with computer-aided transcription; that the transcript is a true record of the statements given by the participants; and that I am neither of counsel nor kin to any party in said action, nor interested in the outcome thereof.

WITNESS my hand and official seal this 23rd day of August A.D. 2006.

Ellen Corbett Hannum, RMR, CMRS
Notary Public - Reporter
Delaware Certified Shorthand Reporter
Certification No. 118-RPR